

How to Manage Physician Burnout Symptoms

Physician burnout affects approximately 50% of providers. Given the long hours and increasing demands, it is no surprise that so many of our medical providers are overwhelmed, depressed and burned out. Recognizing Physician Burnout can happen in any profession. For physicians, burnout can have dire consequences, not only for the individual provider, but for [...]

Physician burnout affects approximately 50% of providers. Given the long hours and increasing demands, it is no surprise that so many of our medical providers are overwhelmed, depressed and burned out.

Recognizing Physician Burnout

Burnout can happen in any profession. For physicians, burnout can have dire consequences, not only for the individual provider, but for patients.

Common [signs of physician burnout](#) include:

- Physical and emotional exhaustion
- Emotional detachment/depersonalization
- Cynicism about patients
- Feeling useless/loss of meaning in work
- Work is taking over life
- Making more mistakes

What are the Risks of Physician Burnout

The risks of physician burnout can be severe. [Depression](#) impacts around 30% of physicians.

Addiction is another significant risk for physicians experiencing burnout symptoms. Approximately [10 to 15 percent](#) of physicians are addicted to alcohol or prescription drugs. The rate of prescription addiction in medical providers is higher than the general population.

October 26, 2019

by Teyhou Smyth

The risk of [completed suicide by physicians](#) increases throughout the lifespan, and outnumbers the statistics of the general population. Out of 100,000 physicians, 28-40 commit suicide. This number reflects a higher percentage than the general population.

How to overcome Physician Burnout? Taking Steps Toward Wellness

These statistics are tragic and reflect the need for significant change in the way physicians practice and participate in self-care. There are some [strategies](#) physicians and practice managers can employ to reduce the impact of burnout.

Practices/hospitals need to ask for feedback.

Surveying medical professionals to determine what areas of need are relevant is important. Revisit the survey annually and look for trends in physician needs and requests.

Reduce charting/administrative tasks.

In a survey about burnout, 59% of physicians included charting time and administrative tasks as being a significant source of workplace distress.

As our digital world expands, the need for data entry also increases. Delegating these tasks to scribes or other trained professionals would help reduce burnout and maintain focus on patient care.

Flexible scheduling/reduced hours.

Working extreme hours and dealing with life-impacting health concerns is not a good combination for anyone. Offering hours that are tailored to the personal needs of physicians (allowing more time for family and self-care) is vital in improving physician quality of life and improved patient care.

Cap the patient roster.

Reduce the number of patients on individual physician's panels. Trying to see too many patients and tracking too many health outcomes is a set up for burnout.

October 26, 2019

by Teyhou Smyth

Incentivize wellness and self-care.

Practices can make self-care a valued part of the culture and encourage physicians to participate in healthy activities such as gym access, mental health services and routine mindfulness practices.

Re-center and gain perspective.

Physicians benefit from a routine spiritual practice; this doesn't necessarily mean religious endeavors, but this may suit some individuals. Paying attention to the larger picture and recognizing the limitations one has in the scheme of things is necessary to preserve the energy and resources of medical professionals.

Meditation, prayer, mindfulness and other spiritual activities can help physicians reconnect with internal resources and remember that there is only so much that one person can do. Self-compassion is an important part of this re-centering process.

Physician burnout is a significant issue that impacts medical providers and patients alike. Fortunately, burnout is treatable and symptoms can be managed with common-sense solutions that take the individual needs of physicians into account.